



EMU Alignment System

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DOE / NSF Review

5-6 June '02



Progress since May '01

Sensor development (DCOPS)

- Built & tested 25 sensors with a variety of filters & shades
- Designed and built new readout electronics
- Developed calibration procedure

SLM (Straight Line Monitor) tests

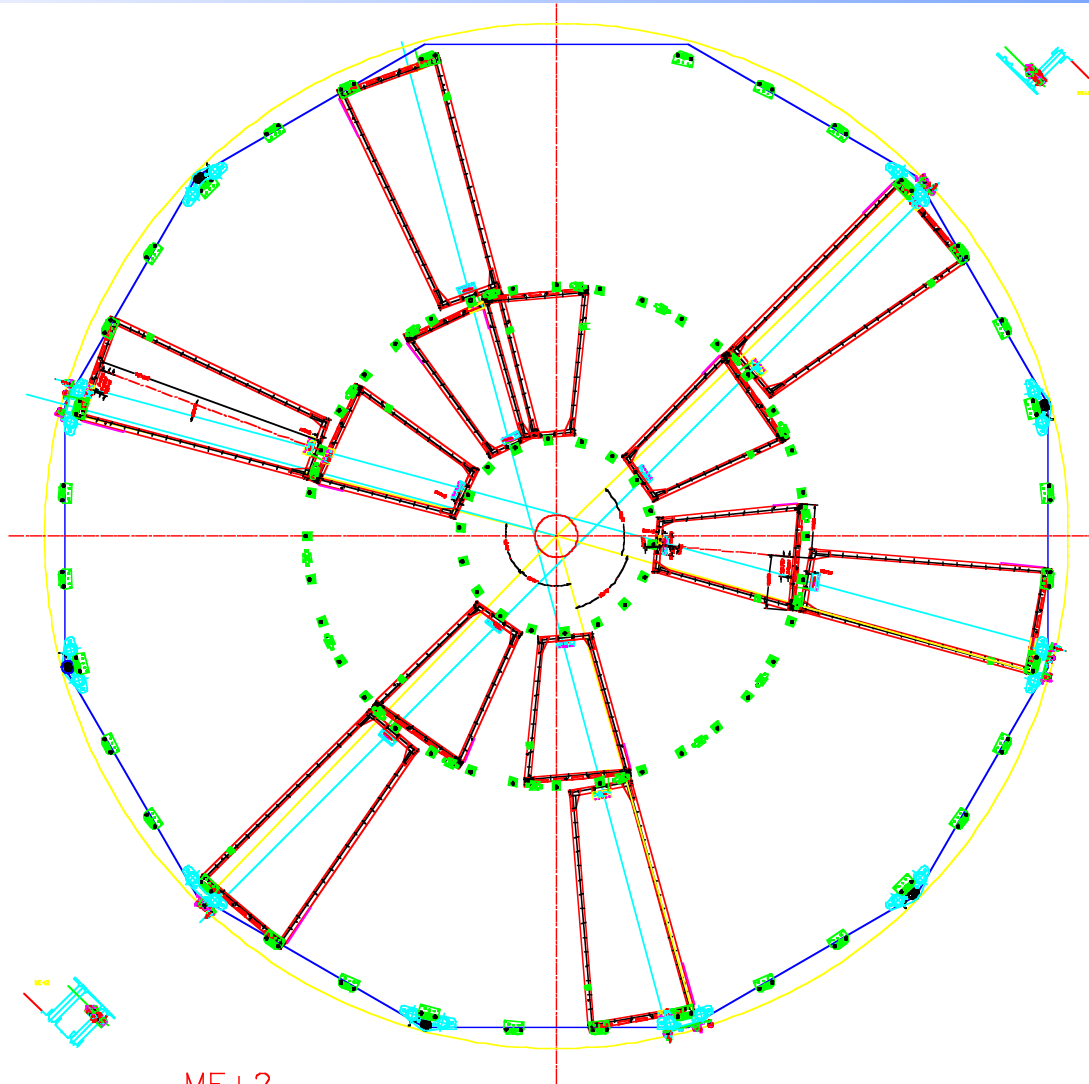
- Realistic setup with 10 DCOPS sensors
- Full readout of DCOPS sensors and a variety of analog sensors (temp, inclinometer, radial position, proximity, etc.)

Engineering Design Review (CERN)

- Approval for production



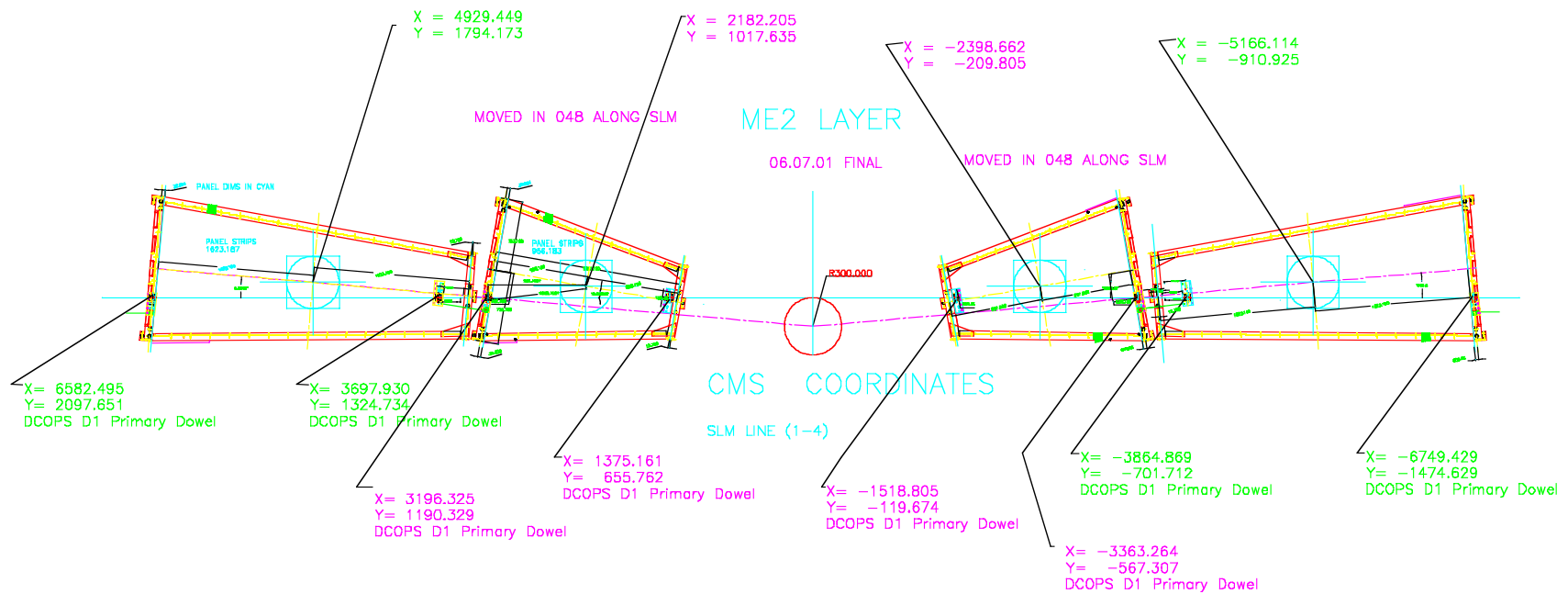
ME2 alignment



ME+2
VIEW FROM IP



ME2 SLM line







Alignment Staging

US-CMS requested a staging of alignment

- Related to cost overruns in EMU
- Spent months trying to find a staging scenario with small impacts
- Finally agreed on a staged design:
 - Keep full alignment SLMs for stations 1 & 2
 - Eliminate SLMs for station 3 (except for electronics)
 - Remove all engineering funding (physicists must do the engineering)
 - Maintain possibility of recovering the ME3 alignment SLMs at a later time
 - Save \$200K of production costs (approx. 1/3)



Sensor technology

Design requirement for our system

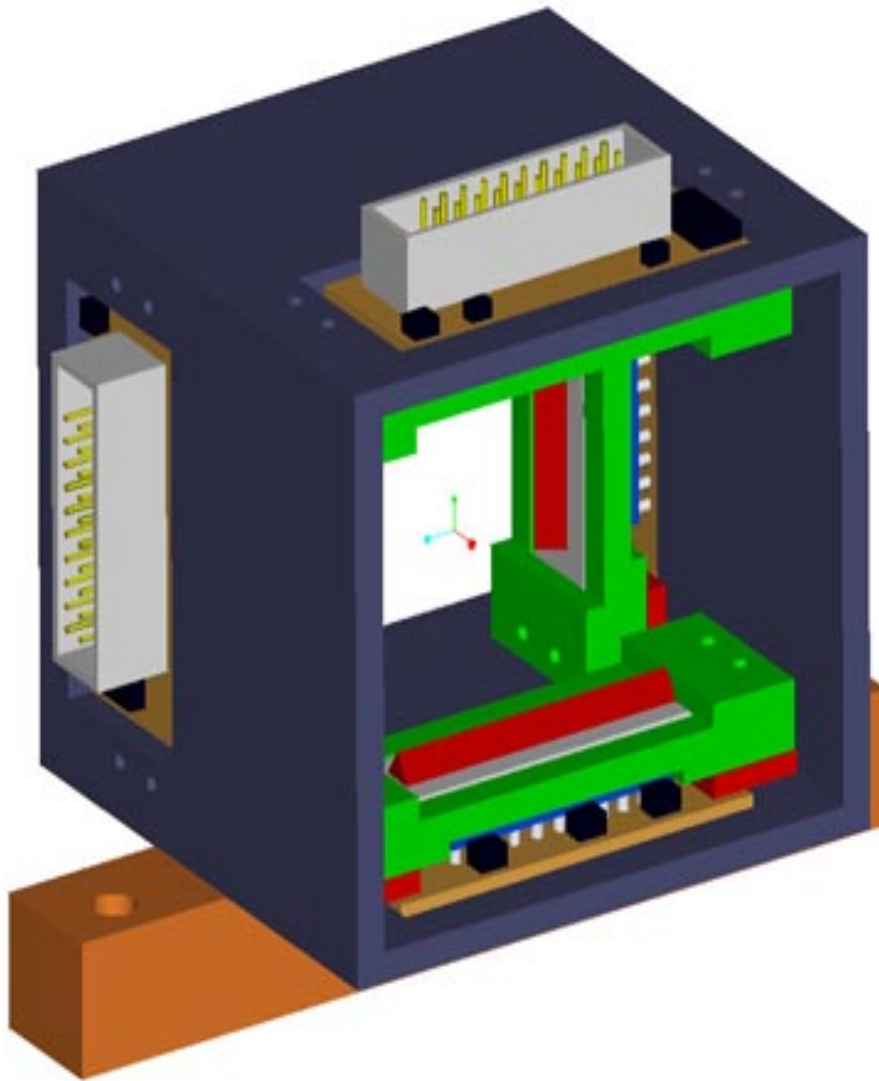
- Many (up to 10) sensors in a line must all be capable of locating the laser beam
- Present transparent sensors are not transparent enough and projected developments do not match our schedule

Design “standard tech” sensor

- Develop design using conventional items (relatively low risk)
- 4 linear CCDs mounted in a window frame
- Cross-hair laser beam
- Readout with DSP processor and serial I/O
- Digital CCD optical position sensor (DCOPS)



DCOPS sensor box



- 64mm x 64mm Al box with black anodizing
- 4 CCD arrays mounted at right angles to laser
- Red wedge filters on face of CCDs - bidirectional
- Standard mounting configuration



DCOPS Developments

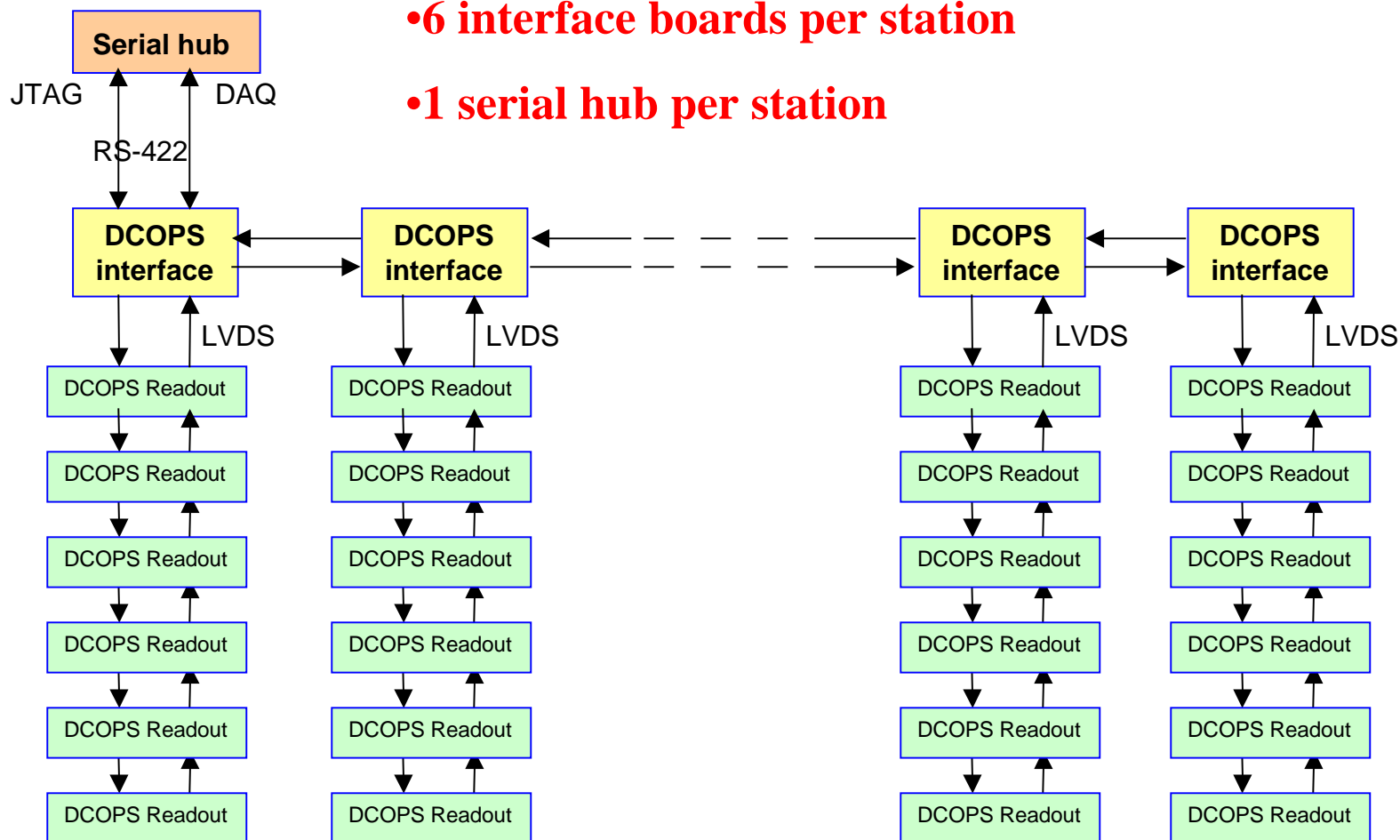
Mechanical improvements

- Sensor wedge, optical filters, laser attenuation filters
- Non-shadowing aperture solutions
- New design of CCD readout boards links 4 together inside box -- much better cabling layout
- Need slightly larger box -- build & test prototype box and front-end board



DCOPS Readout Scheme

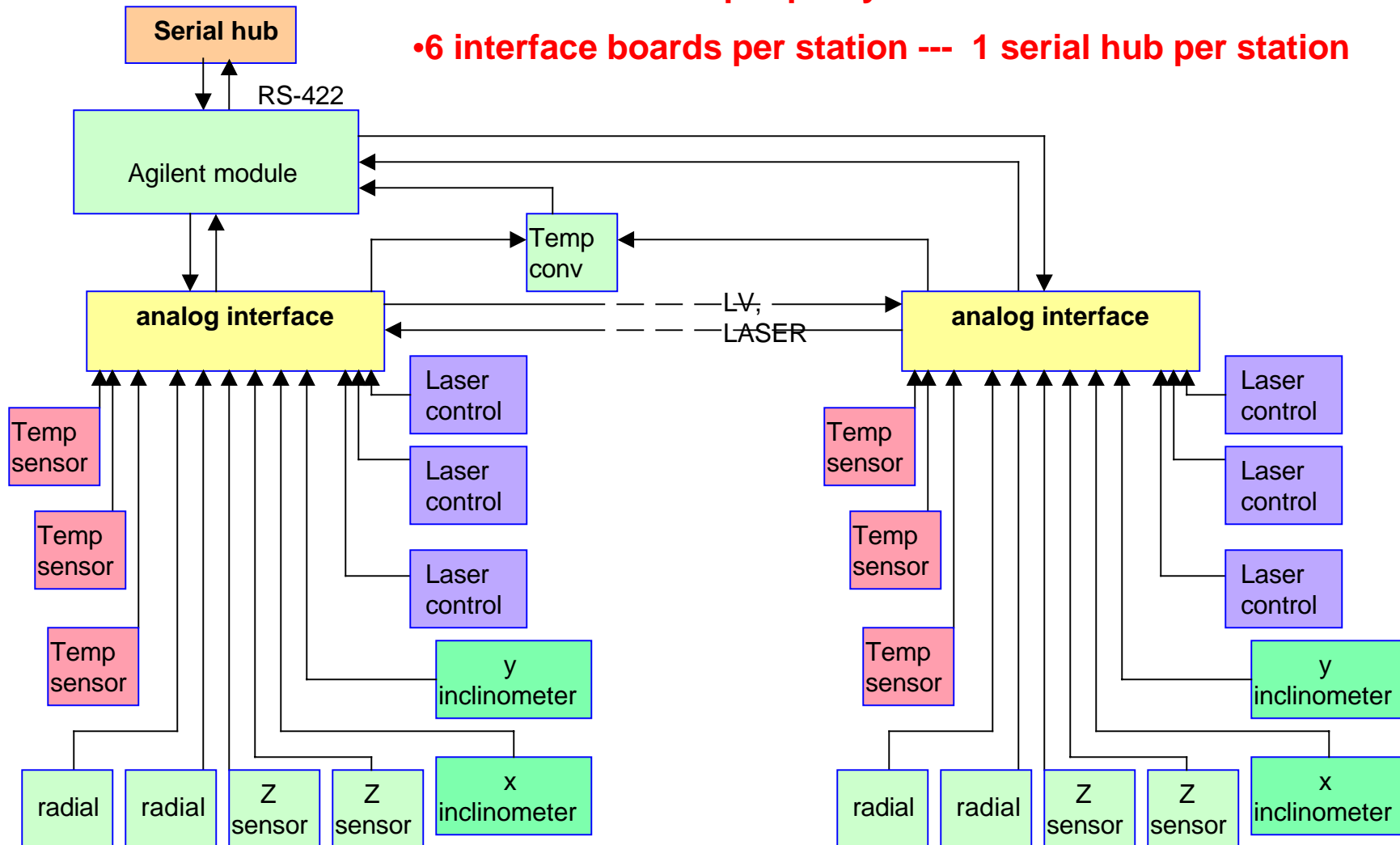
- Interface board at periphery of disk at end of each SLM
- 6 interface boards per station
- 1 serial hub per station





Analog Readout Scheme

- Interface board at periphery of disk at the end of each SLM
- 6 interface boards per station --- 1 serial hub per station





Electronics developments

DCOPS Electronics

- New front-end boards to readout the CCDs
- DCOPS readout board built and tested - 1 per box
- DSP program written to calculate/readout centroid pixel position
- Interface boards built and tested - 6 per station
- Noise tests show no effect on CSC readout
- Boards tested in 0.5 tesla B field

Analog electronics

- Analog, proximity sensor interface boards built & tested
- Temp. conversion board built & tested

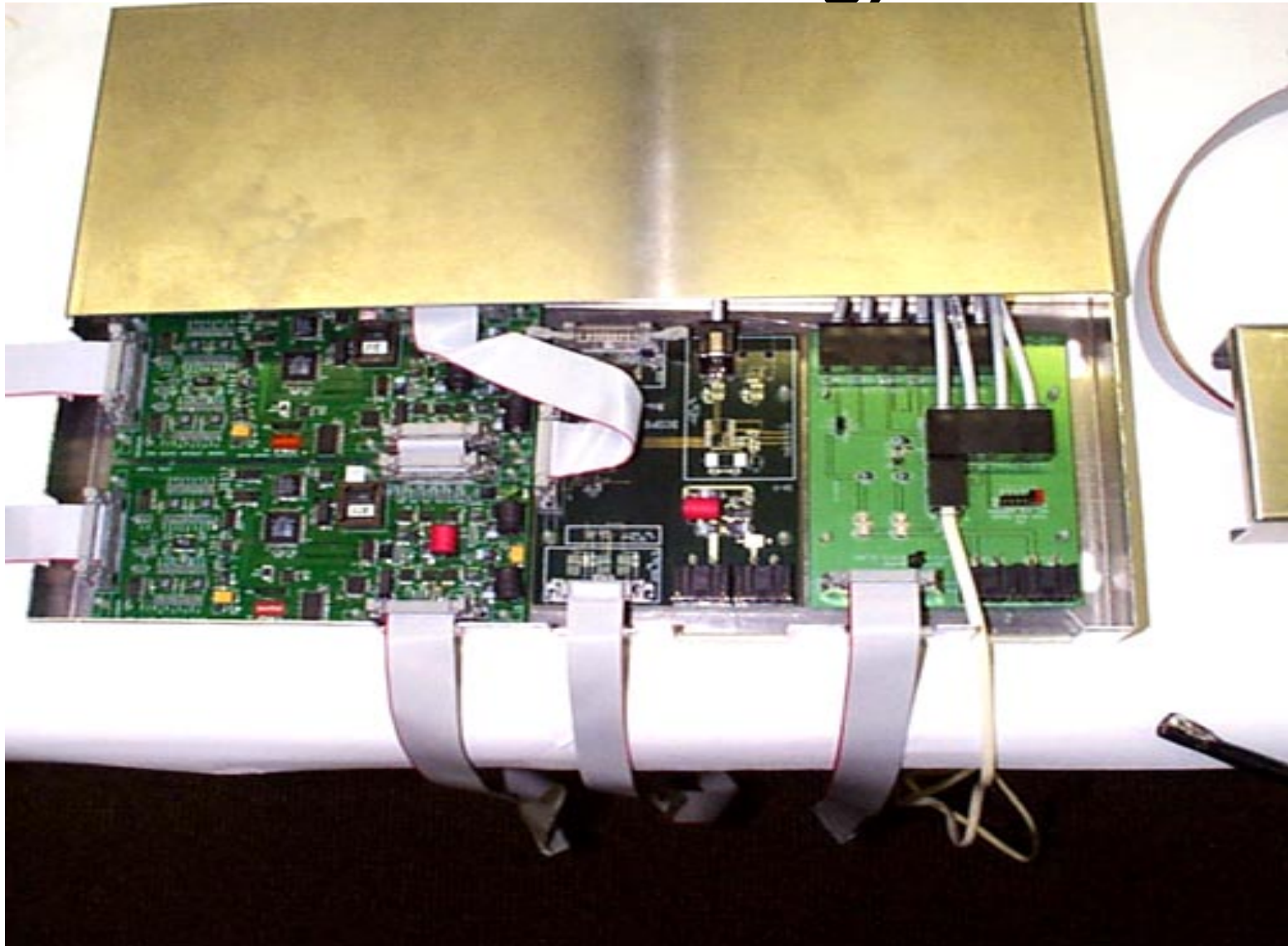


DCOPS & Readout board





Interface boards (DCOPS & analog)





SLM Tests at Fermilab

Procedure

- Test setup in MW8 enclosure
- Full SLM -- 10 DCOPS sensors spaced over 14m
- Lasers at both ends
- Adjust apertures for shadowing
- Adjust laser attenuation filters to keep signal within range of the CCDs

DAQ test system

- Windows-based readout
- Read all DCOPS & analog sensors



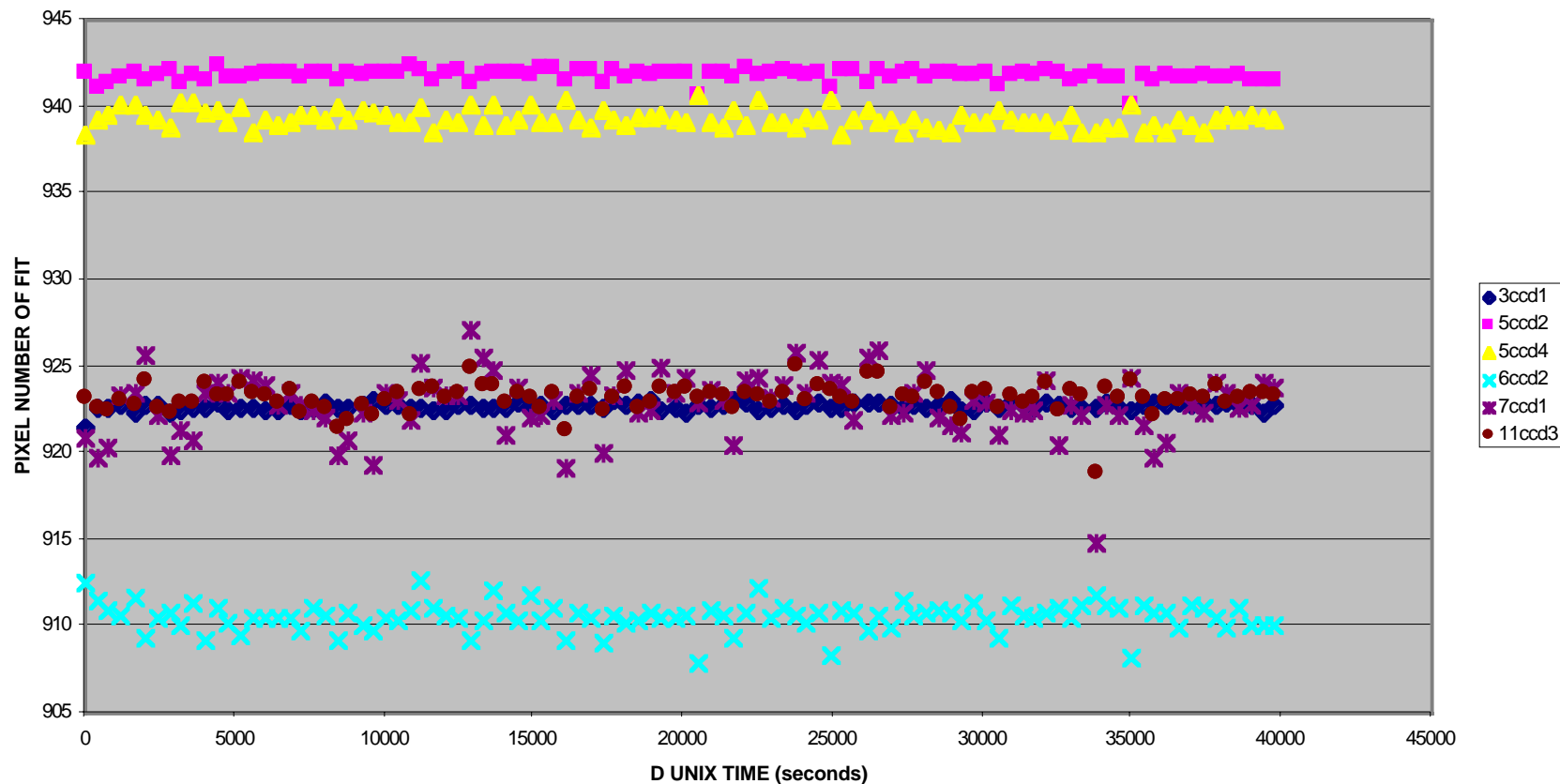
SLM test setup





Long term SLM results

SAMPLE CD+FLAP FITS TO CCDs - Run700, pulsed NORTH LASERS





Alignment EDR

CERN Engineering Design Review

- Held at CERN on 28 Feb - 1 Mar '02
- Included barrel & link groups as well as EMU
- Goal: approve production & commissioning
- Comments for EMU:
 - Must develop design that allows operation with magnet ON and OFF
 - Since ME3 will be staged, it is important that the SLM lines can be upgraded later
 - Interface with the barrel & link alignment subsystems is critical, so a full 3D model should be developed and integrated with all alignment subsystems



EDR recommendations

EDR Committee recommends to:

- **Endorse the general Muon Alignment Scheme as presented.**
- **Make sure that, after upgrading, the alignment system can be run at zero field and nominal field without access to the CMS detector.**
- **Plan to run a representative slice of the Muon Alignment System during the Magnet test.**
- **Procure the MABs after review of the MAB prototype by an EDR sub-committee.**
- **Proceed with the procurement of all remaining elements of the alignment system for Barrel Muon, Endcap Muon, and Link Systems.**



Installation

Components installed at CERN

- Only 1/6 of CSC chambers get alignment components
- Island plates glued on just prior to CSC installation, begin in Nov '02
- SLM lines (mounts, towers, transfer plates) installed after CSC station is complete, expect 1st station ready for alignment in spring/summer '03
- Services (power, readout lines, etc.) tested for each station
- After station is complete we do photogrammetry
- Axial components installed on each disk in SX5, some testing may be possible
- Axial lines complete only in UX5



Plans for '02 - '03

DCOPS sensors

- Build & test production prototypes
- Start production on electronics & ancillary parts (filters, wedges, boxes, etc.)

SLM & Axial lines

- Build prototype transfer plate mount
- Start production for mounts & transfer plates
- Order analog sensors (radial, prox. z), etc.)

Layout

- Keep checking on CERN infrastructure & RPC drawings so alignment lines are not blocked



Conclusion

Alignment system is very close to a final DCOPS sensor

- Still some design and prototyping necessary
- Group is small but dedicated

Production of mechanical parts and electronics can start once the DCOPS is final

- Expect to start by fall '02
- Production drawings must be ready
- Installation should begin in early '03